

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 13, 1892.

PRICE ONE CENT.

LAST EDITION.

TROOPS
CALLED OUT

Naval Reserve and
69th Gone to Fire
Island.

Landing of Normannia's
Passengers to
Be Forced.

INJUNCTION IS VACATED.

General Term Reverses Justice
Barnard's Order.

No Legal Obstacle in the Way of
Landing the Passengers.

Great Sufferings of the Imprisoned
Passengers on the Cepheus.

Two Deaths To-Day on the Steam-
ship Wyoming.

SUMMARY OF TO-DAY'S NEWS.

Official: Health Department,
New York, Sept. 13, 10 A. M.
No cases of cholera have yet appeared
in this city.

CHARLES G. WILSON, President.
EMMONS CLARK, Secretary.

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and the Health officials to land the detained
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Both commands were summoned to re-
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Small arms for the men came later. There
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The Lieutenant Commander is George E.
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Freeman, Weeks, Henderson, Jerome and Blair.
Surgeons John Vanderpool and J. H. Hayden,
Dr. T. A. King as Hospital steward and John
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Commander Miller said that his orders were
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Lieut. Col. Moran responded promptly, and
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Supt. Lake, of the Chambers Street Hospi-
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BANK PRESIDENT ACCUSED.

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Brakeman Slips—A Bystander, Ac-
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THE CHOLERA IN RUSSIA.
The Plague Decreasing
in Russia, but Spread-
ing in France.

AN EXODUS FROM HAMBURG.
28,000 Persons Have Fled from
the Stricken City.

Severe Criticism Upon New York's
Quarantine Methods.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—There were twenty deaths
from cholera in this city yesterday. No new
cases were reported. A report issued by the
Public Health Department says there has
been a rapid decrease in the number of
isolated cases of the disease occurring in the
northern departments of France. It adds, however,
that the epidemic is still in Brionne, Depart-
ment of Eure. The town is described as a
veritable hotbed of disease.

HAMBURG, Sept. 13.—In this city yesterday
there were ten new cases of cholera and thirty-
three deaths from the disease. This is a de-
crease of three new cases and an increase of
five deaths compared with Sunday's figures.

Decreasing in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 13.—The official
figures for Saturday place the total number
of new cholera cases throughout the Empire
at 2,810 and the deaths at 1,390. Compared
with the returns for Friday these figures show
a decrease of 2,844 new cases and 1,184 deaths.

Yesterday 64 new cases and 37 deaths were
reported in St. Petersburg, a decrease of
two new cases and a decrease of one
death compared with the returns of the
previous day. Owing to the marked increase
in the number of the epidemic only weekly
returns will hereafter be issued.

The London "Chronicle" severely criti-
cizes New York's quarantine methods.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—The "Chronicle" this
morning returns to the subject of New York
quarantine methods. "The present system,"
it says, "is an outrage on humanity and a
disgrace to the nation of civilization, from
whatever point of view it is regarded. We
are accustomed to excuse lawlessness in
Texas and Idaho, but it is evident that there
is no more certainty of public wisdom or
private decency in New York itself than in
the furthest frontier town. For official in-
competence and private anarchy, we venture
to say that no country could furnish a
parallel to this."

Twenty-eight Thousand People Have
Left Hamburg.

The Standard's Hamburg despatch says:
"They were reported to-day 687 new cases
of cholera, 209 deaths and 345 interments.
The exodus from Hamburg on account of the
disease has reached 28,000 persons. The
city council recommends that in future
Hamburg's drinking water be obtained from
artesian wells, bored at a distance from the
town."

Army Officers on Furlough Forbidden to
Return.

The Standard's Vienna correspondent says
that the Austrian War Office, because of the
prevalence of cholera, has forbidden officers
who are passing their furloughs in Russia
and Germany to rejoin their regiments for
some time to come.

LOUISIANA RAPE US, TOO.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 13.—The Health Com-
missioner appointed by the State Board of
Health to investigate the quarantine stations
of the country has completed his labors with
regard to three of the stations in the North
Atlantic circuit. Of the commission re-
port Dr. L. F. Salomon, Secretary of the State
Board of Health, has this to say:
"The first station is Grosses Ile at Quebec.
The report on this station shows that there
is no proper accommodation for the detention
of suspects, no suitable disinfecting ap-
paratus for their baggage nor for the cargoes
of the ships."
"The report upon the Boston Quarantine
station is to the effect that this station is
soberly a station of inspection, without any
provisions whatever for the disinfection of
vessels, baggage and cargoes."
"The inspection of the Quarantine Station
at New York shows an entire absence of
modern scientific appliances for the disinfection
of vessels and passengers. The commission re-
ports that with the appliances now at the com-
mand of the Health Officer at Quarantine the
detection of vessels at Quarantine is the only
protection to the city."
Continuing, Dr. Salomon said: "The bar-
barity of the method now being pursued in
New York—that is, the detention of the ships
without proper disinfection and removal of
the passengers and crew from the pest-laden
vessels—is a disgrace to a State as rich as
New York. The enormous fees derived from
quarantine inspection should enable New
York to provide proper disinfecting ap-
pliances according to modern methods of
sanitation, and this condition of things
should have been instituted at the first warn-
ing of the approach of danger."
In conclusion Dr. Salomon said that with
the report of the Commission in hand he

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"Have You Heard How the Jolly Old State of Maine Went?"

A NEW PRINCESS IN GERMANY.
Emperor William's First Daughter
Born This Morning.

BERLIN, Sept. 13.—The Emperor gave birth to
a daughter at 3.30 o'clock this morning.
Her accouchement took place at the palace
at Potsdam. This daughter is the seventh
child born to the Emperor and Empress.
The other children are:
Prince Frederick Wilhelm, Prince August
Ernst, born May 6, 1882; Prince Wilhelm
Eitel Friedrich Christian Karl, born
July 7, 1883; Adolf Friedrich, born
August 1, 1884; Prince August Wilhelm
Friedrich, born July 14, 1884; Prince
Oskar, born Jan. 29, 1887; Prince Oscar
Karl Gustav Adolf, born July 27, 1888, and
Prince Joachim Franz Humbert, born Dec. 17,
1890.

The child accouched this morning is the
first daughter born to the Emperor.

BOLD HIGHWAYMAN CAUGHT.

He Went Through a Man's Pockets
on Eighty-fourth Street.

Patrick Walker, aged twenty-three, of 409
East Twenty-second street, a notorious mis-
creant of the tag gang, was held by Justice
Voorn in the Harlem Police Court this morn-
ing in \$1,000 bail on a charge of highway
robbery.

John J. Minster, aged fifty-seven, a mas-
on, of 1205 Third avenue, stated that as he
was walking through Eighty-fourth street,
between Third and Lexington avenues, last night
he was confronted by Walker, who put up a
fight for \$30. He gave his name as "Walter"
and said he was an actor.

Walker secured \$15 in cash and some other
things and ran towards Third avenue.
Policeman Holden, of the Eighty-fourth
street squad, caught him in a saloon.

EIGHT DAYS WITHOUT FOOD.

Little Mary Zoham Hid Away to Es-
cape Cruel Treatment.

McKEE COURT, Pa., Sept. 13.—Seven-year-
old Mary Zoham, who had been missing for
more than a week, was found last evening
hidden under the floor of the Keystone fire-
works company's warehouse.

The child was more dead than alive, having
eaten nothing for eight days. She was dis-
cussed by the court and was committed to
the care of her mother, who had been charged
with neglecting her child.

ATKINSON BY HIGHWAYMEN.

Mail-Driven Ward Tells a Story of
Heroic Conduct.

ORANGE, N. J., Sept. 13.—Frederick Ward,
driver of the United States mail wagon, this
morning reported that while driving across
the mountains west of South Orange at about
10 o'clock last night he was stopped by two
highwaymen who wore masks.

One of the robbers jumped up on the wagon
and demanded that Ward surrender all his
money and valuables.

Ward said he fought the robbers off with an
iron bar, whipped up his team and escaped.

NITRITES IN CROTON.

An Increase in Impurities This Week
from .0001 to .0003.

Chemist Martin submitted to the Health
Department to-day the result of his weekly
analysis of the Croton water.

The analysis was made on Sept. 8 and
shows an increase over the analysis of the
previous week of the presence of nitrates in
the city's drinking water. The analysis of
Sept. 1 showed a total amount of nitrates in
the water to be .0001, the result being expressed
in parts per 100,000. The presence of
nitrates to be .0003, a slight increase, which
indicates the presence of impurity in the
Croton.

Oliver Wane's Her Uncle.

Oliver Wane, a ten-year-old girl, found rid-
ing up and down town in a Twenty-third
street car late last night, was put in care of
the children's Society to-day. She said
Robert Hill, a grocer of this city, is her
uncle.

Tendered a Worthless Check.

Everett Allen, colored, eighteen years old,
with no home, was held for trial in the
Edwards Street Court, Brooklyn, this morn-
ing on the charge of tendering a worthless check
for \$100 to a woman named Mrs. Allen, who
was a prostitute.

IMPORTANT TO CIGAR SMOKERS.

The only difference between a Havana cigar
and a cheap one is the tobacco used in it.

LAST EDITION.

CHOLERA ABROAD.

The Plague Decreasing
in Russia, but Spread-
ing in France.

AN EXODUS FROM HAMBURG.
28,000 Persons Have Fled from
the Stricken City.

Severe Criticism Upon New York's
Quarantine Methods.

PARIS, Sept. 13.—There were twenty deaths
from cholera in this city yesterday. No new
cases were reported. A report issued by the
Public Health Department says there has
been a rapid decrease in the number of
isolated cases of the disease occurring in the
northern departments of France. It adds, however,
that the epidemic is still in Brionne, Depart-
ment of Eure. The town is described as a
veritable hotbed of disease.

HAMBURG, Sept. 13.—In this city yesterday
there were ten new cases of cholera and thirty-
three deaths from the disease. This is a de-
crease of three new cases and an increase of
five deaths compared with Sunday's figures.

Decreasing in Russia.

ST. PETERSBURG, Sept. 13.—The official
figures for Saturday place the total number
of new cholera cases throughout the Empire
at 2,810 and the deaths at 1,390. Compared
with the returns for Friday these figures show
a decrease of 2,844 new cases and 1,184 deaths.

Yesterday 64 new cases and 37 deaths were
reported in St. Petersburg, a decrease of
two new cases and a decrease of one
death compared with the returns of the
previous day. Owing to the marked increase
in the number of the epidemic only weekly
returns will hereafter be issued.

The London "Chronicle" severely criti-
cizes New York's quarantine methods.

LONDON, Sept. 13.—The "Chronicle" this
morning returns to the subject of New York
quarantine methods. "The present system,"
it says, "is an outrage on humanity and a
disgrace to the nation of civilization, from
whatever point of view it is regarded. We
are accustomed to excuse lawlessness in
Texas and Idaho, but it is evident that there
is no more certainty of public wisdom or
private decency in New York itself than in
the furthest frontier town. For official in-
competence and private anarchy, we venture
to say that no country could furnish a
parallel to this."

Twenty-eight Thousand People Have
Left Hamburg.

The Standard's Hamburg despatch says:
"They were reported to-day 687 new cases
of cholera, 209 deaths and 345 interments.
The exodus from Hamburg on account of the
disease has reached 28,000 persons. The
city council recommends that in future
Hamburg's drinking water be obtained from
artesian wells, bored at a distance from the
town."

Army Officers on Furlough Forbidden to
Return.

The Standard's Vienna correspondent says
that the Austrian War Office, because of the
prevalence of cholera, has forbidden officers
who are passing their furloughs in Russia
and Germany to rejoin their regiments for
some time to come.

LOUISIANA RAPE US, TOO.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 13.—The Health Com-
missioner appointed by the State Board of
Health to investigate the quarantine stations
of the country has completed his labors with
regard to three of the stations in the North
Atlantic circuit. Of the commission re-
port Dr. L. F. Salomon, Secretary of the State
Board of Health, has this to say:
"The first station is Grosses Ile at Quebec.
The report on this station shows that there
is no proper accommodation for the detention
of suspects, no suitable disinfecting ap-
paratus for their baggage nor for the cargoes
of the ships."
"The report upon the Boston Quarantine
station is to the effect that this station is
soberly a station of inspection, without any
provisions whatever for the disinfection of
vessels, baggage and cargoes."
"The inspection of the Quarantine Station
at New York shows an entire absence of
modern scientific appliances for the disinfection
of vessels and passengers. The commission re-
ports that with the appliances now at the com-
mand of the Health Officer at Quarantine the
detection of vessels at Quarantine is the only
protection to the city."
Continuing, Dr. Salomon said: "The bar-
barity of the method now being pursued in
New York—that is, the detention of the ships
without proper disinfection and removal of
the passengers and crew from the pest-laden
vessels—is a disgrace to a State as rich as
New York. The enormous fees derived from
quarantine inspection should enable New
York to provide proper disinfecting ap-
pliances according to modern methods of
sanitation, and this condition of things
should have been instituted at the first warn-
ing of the approach of danger."
In conclusion Dr. Salomon said that with
the report of the Commission in hand he